## THREE CENTS PER COPY.

## GERMANS ATTACKED.

The East End of London Excited by

Reason of Late Events. GERMAN CLUB BUILDINGS CLOSED.

The Windows of a Number of Shop in Whitechapel Kept by Germans and Hebrews Broken-Convention

LONDON, January 7.-Anti-German ling is growing rapidly in the east end London. The windows of a number of ps in Whitechapel, kept by Germans d Jews have been broken, and the d German clubs have been closed, fearthat they might be attacked. There ve been several disturbances between nglish and German and Dutch sailors the docks, in which the former were

ter face a rupture with Germany than sunce the stipulation of the convention 1884, that any international agreement e by the South African republic reires the ratification of Great Britain." NGLISH EXCHANGES FEVERISH. LONDON, January 7.—The Manchester nd Liverpool Stock exchanges closed in tate of feverish excitement to-day.

HAMBERLAIN KEPT IN LONDON. LONDON. January 7.-Mr. Chambervisit the Queen, as it was anno at he would do. He was compelled, by demands of the political situation, to nain at the Colonial Office. PRAYER FOR PEACE.

The English Lyangelical Alliance open-GROANS FOR THE KAISER.

GROANS FOR THE KAISER.
LONDON, January 7.—At a large public dinner of farmers and tradesmen, given at Chard county of Somerset, last yearing, the Nayor of the town proposed to drink the health of all of the Queen's family, except one grandson frearing to the Emperor William, of Germany.) The toast was received with enumbiastic chiers, which were followed groans and hisses for Emperor William. REBUKE FROM GRANDMA.

ONDON. January 7.—The Westmin-Gazette says the Queen has writ-a letter to the Emperor of Germany, uking him for his attitude in regard ag him for his attitude in regard Transvaal, especially in the mat-the congratulatory message which tjesty sent to President Kruger. SIGNIFICANT INTERVIEWS.

LONDON, January 7.—Low, Salisbury issted the Foreign Office this afternoon, and immediately after his arrival re-Chamberlain, and later re ed Count von Hatzfeldt, the German

Political circles in London maintain iat, if it be true that the Emperor of ermany has promised to recognize the dependence of the Transvaal republic, may mean war between Great Britain The interview between Count von atzfeidt and the Prime Minister lasted off an hour. Subsequently, Lord Salis-iry received Baron Courcel, the French

interviews Lord Salisbury After these interviews Lord Salisbury farted for Hatfield House, his home, it tertfordshire.

BOUNDARIES IN AFRICA.

PARIS. January 7.—The Figuro ex-resses doubt that the cablegram sent y the Emperor of Germany to President Transvanl, "More th iternational arrangement without the consent and ratification of Queen Vic-oria and her Cabinet."

AISER AND HOHENLOHE AGREE. BERLIN, January 7.—The Emperor and Prince Hobentone are in complete armony as regards the policy of Ger-armony as regards the policy of Ger-nary toward the Transvaal Government, not there is no truth in the story hat the Chancellor had offered his resig-ation to the Kaiser. The report, which has circulated yesterday, originated on the Bourse, and had the effect it was oubtless intended to have—that of caus-tics a fall in prices.

JOHANNESBURG QUIET. BERLIN, January 7.-Dr. Leyd, Secret, has received a telegraphic com-

PRAISE FOR VOLUNTEERS. LONDON, January 7.-Princess Louise, aughter of the Queen, and wife of the farquis of Lorne, to-day presented prizes

Middlesex volunteers. General fell, inspector of the auxiliary , made an address, in which he said alunteers were never more efficient n at the present time, he War Office is receiving offers from retired officers in town and country.

DUBLIAN, January 7.—John E. Red-ond, member of Parliament, in a speech t Wexford last evening, declared that the ritish empire was without a friend in ne world. Never since the passage of the coursed act of union, he said, had it een more needful than now that Ireland would be united in principle and policy action.

BERLIN, January 7.—The story printed in a telegram from Cape Town to the condon Times that Dr. Leyd, with a seet fund at his disposal, has floated rman colonization company to intro-ce 5,000 German military settlers in a Transvasi, is said, upon semi-offici-therity, to be absolutely unfounded.

### ATTACKS ON GOLD RESERVE. o Way Under the Law of Preventing Them.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 7 .e Treasury officials are watching the newed attacks on the gold reserve, and not hesitate to express the opinion at most of the gold now being withrawn is being taken out by intended urchasers of the new bonds. They con-enn such proceedings in strong terms, ut with the present laws on the statuteoks see no way to legally stop such

With the day's withdrawals out the Treasury gold reserve at the close of business stood at \$58,685,710. The amount of gold reported withdrawn at New York to-day by Assistant-Treasurer Jordan was \$2,900,000, and there was deposited \$500,000, making the net loss for the day \$2,400,600.

## NAVAL NOTES OF INTEREST.

The Hattleship Indiana.

WASHINGTON, D. C. January 7.—
An examining board has been ordered
by the Secretary of the Navy to examine Captain Samuel L. Mercer,
United States Marine Corps, commandant of marines at Norfolk, Va.
Commander E. T. Strong has been aseigned to the command of the training-The Battleship Indiana.

ship Essex, to succeed Commander Kingsley, who died suddenly on board that vessel Saturday.

The battleship Indiana left League Island, Pa., this morning for Newport, R. I., where she will secure her torpedo outfit. From Newport the Indiana will go to Gardiner's bay, L. I., to test her guns and have her regular inspection, going thence to join Admiral Bunce's North Atlantic squadron, at Hampton Reads, Va. When the government dock at Port Royal, S. C., is ready the Indiana will be sent there to be cleaned.

The training-ship Essex arrived at Annapolis to-day, having aboard the body of her late commanding officer. Com-mander Kingsley who died at Yorktown,

### CAUCUS ON TARIFF BILL.

Populist Jones-Sugar Schedule. WASHINGTON, D. C., January 7.-Ow ing to the late session of the Senate the Republican caucus that took a recess until this afternoon was postponed until to-morrow, after adjournment of the Senate. It is confidently believed that at that conference the Republicans will, by a very comfortable majorny, direct its members of the Finance Committee to report the tariff bill as it came from the

Apparent Republican Dend-Lock-

House. Shortly after the caucus convened this morning. Mr. Quay moved that the committee be so instructed, and this motion led to a discussion. But one senator indicated any desire o reconstruct the tariff bill olong Re-sublican lines. That senator was Mr. laker, of Kansas, a new man, and his essociates in the Senate looked upon his speech as the result of his unfamiliarity speech as the result of his unfamiliarity with the conditions that surround the Senate at this time. There were other speakers who desired amendments to be made, and said they would insist upon them if the door was opened at all, but if the consensus of opinion was that this should not be done be would be

this should not be done he would be satisfied and support the majority.

There is a division in the Finance Com-mittee itself as to the wisdom of amending the House bill, and it was because of such a division that this caucus was held. Mr. Sherman favored an additional rate on crockery, if changes were to be made: Mr. Platt's State was largely in Allison's constituents were largely terested in agricultural products, and he

### RAW SUGAR.

On the other hand, Mr. Jones, the Populist member, urged that raw sugar had been discriminated against when the had been discriminated against when the House refused to increase it by 15 per cent., as it had every other schedule in the bill. Mr. Jones insisted with vigo-rous protestations that raw sugar should be given this additional 15 per cent. In Senate. He was reinforced in this contention by Mr. Perkins, of California, and Mr. Thurston, of Nebraska, both of whom represent States that are en-gaged in the growing of beets for sugar and the manufacture of sugar from that

Mr. Thurston was not here in person to urge the committee, but he has done so very effectually by the aid of the

telegraph.

In view of these contentions it is easy to see that the Republicans of the committee were very much at sea as to what should be the policy they ought to pursue. Hence their appeal to the full membership of their own party. Should the caucus to-morrow, as now seems likely, instruct the committee to report the bill without amendment, and should it agree to support the bill thus should it agree to support the bill thus reported, and vote down any and all amendments, a deadlock between Mr. Jones and the Republican members of

BALANCE OF POWER. Mr. Jones holds the balance of the power in the committee. His vote is ne-cessary to report the bill, and without

him the Republicans cannot report the measure in any shape. Mr. Jones said to-night that he would insist upon the adoption of the 15 per cent, addition to the sugar schedule. If the caucus so de-cides the Republican members will not grant it. Mr. Jones, it seems, must then either change his mind or the bill will remain in the files of the Committee on

Jones will not thus put himself on re-cord, but that, after urging his proposi-tion, he will yield to the will of his for-

It looks to-night as if Mr. Jones were master of the situation.

## OFFICERS WHO ARE DELINQUENT. The List Includes A. R. Spofford,

Librarian of Congress.
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 7.-The Secretary of the Treasury to-day sent to the House a list of officers coming under his supervision who are now delinquent in rendering accounts or

now delinquent in rendering accounts of of paying balances due from them in the last fiscal year. The list includes:

A. R. Spofford, Librarian of Congress, R. J. Kickhoeffer, late disbursing clerk, Department of State.

Frank Leverett, United States Marshal, Southern District of Georgia.

J. W. Jacobus, United States Marshal, Southern District of New York.

Paymaster Webster, United States

Elihu Olin, Collector of Customs, Duluth, Minn. Overton Cade, Superintendent of the

Mint at New Orleans.

John Daggett, Superintendent of the
Mint at San Francisco.

Major Adams, Engineer Corps.

H. W. Enger, Collector of Customs,

Newark, N. J. B. M. Price, Collector of Customs, B. Al. Prec. Perth Amboy, N. J. James T. Kilbreth, Collector of Cus-toms at New York.

## TOO MUCH TARE.

### Complaint at Demerara Against Tobacco from This Country.

WASHINGTON, January 7 .- The United States Consul at Demerara reports to the State Department that much complaint is made by importers in British Cuiana that tobacco exported from the United States to that country has apparently an excessive amount of "tare."
It is alleged that the "tare" is placed there with fraudulent intent, and that the

practice has aroused a prejudice against United States tobacco to such an extent that it is likely to result in reduced im-

Pingree Vetoes Sustained.

DETROIT, MICH., January 7.—Mayor Pingree to-night sent to the Common Council his vetoes of the ordinances passed a week ago, granting new franchises, running thirty years, to the Detroit Chizens' Street-Railway Company and the Fort Wayne and Belle Isle railway. The Mayor was overwhelmingly supported. The talk of boodle in connection with the granting of the franchise to the Citizens' Company undoubteedly caused the unexpected flop to the Mayor on the part of many of the aldermen.

Maryland for Monroe Doctrine. BALTIMORE, MD., January 7 .- The House of Delegates to-night passed a res-olution strongly endorsing the Monroe doctrine, and expressing gratification at the "appointment of two of our most highly respected citizens as members of the recently appointed Venezuelan com-mission."

German Publisher Dead. RERLIN. January 7.—Herr Rielem, the well-known publisher, of Leipsig, is dead. USED SEARCH-LIGHTS Sharpshooters Picked Off Jameson's Men

with Comparative Ease. GOV. ROBINSON AT PRETORIA.

He Issues a Proclamation Warnin British Subjects in the Transvani Against Joining Jameson-Interview with the Latter.

LONDON, January 7 .- A dispatch from Cape' Town says that after nightfall on the day of the battle between Dr. Jameson and the Boers the latter used search-lights, themselves remaining under cover and relying upon their sharp shooters to pick off Jameson's men, The Westminster Gazette has a dis-

patch from Cape Town, which says: "A general feeling of nauscating contempt for the Uitlanders of Johannesburg exists here. This feeling is based upon their obvious cowardice in sitting down after luring Jameson into blunder and offering him no assistance whatever.

The Johannesburg Standard has cabled to London, under the date of Janu ary 3d, that 4,000 Boers, with Maximsurrounded Dr. Jameson's men. and 100 of the latter were killed wounded. After Jameson and his men had surrendered they were disarmed and narched to Pretoria. A revulsion of feeling has set in at Johannesburg, and the reform leaders are roundly denounced for their descrition of Dr. Jameson. "It was a mob revolution," the Stand-ard says, "in which the main popula-

tion did not join."

Sir Hercules Robinson, Governor of Cape Colony, is now at Pretoria. Immediately after Great Britain offered resistance to the Boers, the stores were closed, women and children began leaving, and cattle and horse-trucks and every kind of vehicle was brought into use. The scene at the railroad station was indescribable. The town is perfectly orderly. A dispatch from Johannesburg, dated

A dispatch from Johannesburg, dated January 21, says that one of the agents of the Reuter's Telegraph Company was arrested there as a British South African ompany spy.
Another dispatch from Johannesburg

Another dispatch from Johannesburg, dated January ist, says that a deputation sent to Pretoria had concluded a three-days' armistice until the arrival of Governor Robinson, who was expected to arrive in Pretoria on January 4th. In the mean time the National Union of Utilanders controls the town.

A proclamation issued by Governor Robinson has been published, warning British subjects in the Transvaal against joining Dr. Jameson, who, the proclamation declares, has been guilty of armed violation of the territory of a friendly State.

JAMESON EXPLAINS. LONDON, January 7.-A dispatch to the Central News, dated Johannesburg, January 3d, gives a brief it port of an in-terview had with Dr. Jameson, who was sent as a prisoner to Pretoria. "I only crossed the frontier," said the Doctor, "because of the urgent appeals made by the inhabitants of Johann sburg.

and because I fully believed that large numbers of my countrymen and country them that I moved.
"I could have beaten the Boers if the

"I could have beaten the Boers if the people of Johannesburg had made any effort to help themselves, which I was I d to expect they would do. Help did not reach us at Krugersdorp, and we could not break through the Boer lines. We fought until we were dropping to the ground exhausted, and our ammunition had been spent.

"The Boers were in a strong position, and in strong force, and we were unable

and in strong force, and we were unable to shift them, but if the men of Jo-hannesburg had only destroyed the rail-road to Krugersdorp, which they could easily have done, it would have prevent-ed the supplies of ordnance being taken to the entrenched Boers, which enabled them to hold out against our attacks. As it was, a special train, loaded with ammunition, ran out to the Boers from Johannesburg, without hindrance

IN THE QUEEN'S NAME LONDON, January 7.—Sir Hercules for United States Senator. There are Robinson, Governor of Cape Colony, has only thirty-one Democratic members. The wired Mr. Chamberiain, the Colonial Secretary, from Pretoria, under yesterday's date, that an order has been issued in the name of the Queen directing the officers of the British South African Company, in charge of the ordinance and reserve ammunition at Buluwayo and Fort Salisbury, to hand the same over to an Imperial officer.

Orders were also sent on January 2d to the civil administrator, at Buluwayo, calling upon all citizens to maintain law and order. This order was faithfully obeyed.

The excitement will be aliayed, Governor Robinson says, when it is known that

nor Robinsor says, when it is known that Dr. Jameson and his comrades have been

PEACE PROPOSITION REJECTED. LONDON, January 7.-A dispatch re-ceived to-day from Johannesburg, dated ceived to-day from Johannesburg, dated January 2d, says it has transpired that upon the arrival of the news of Dr. Jameson's advance. Mr. Eloff, President Kruger's grandson, rode unattended to meet the British South African Company's force, with a view to persuading them to return. He met them at Zwaartlaagte and valniy urged them to retire. He was placed under arrest until the following day, when he was liberated and his horse returned to him. Dr. Jameson retained his arms, telling him to call for them at the government offices in Pretoria.

REINFORCEMENTS FOR CAPE TOWN REINFORCEMENTS FOR CAPE TOWN.
LONDON, January 7.—The Telegraph
will to-morrow say that the government
has decided to send to Cape Town as
soon as possible strong reinforcements
of cavalry and infantry. It adds that
a second regiment, which is under orders
to return home from India, will stop at
Cape Town, while other regiments, selected from the First Army Corps, in
England, will shortly leave for that place.
The Telegraph further says that a firstclass British cruiser has been ordered to
proceed to Delagoa bay.
THE UITLANDERS VIELD.

THE UITLANDERS YIELD. THE UITLANDERS YIELD.

Sir Hercules Robinson, Governor of Cape Colony, cables from Pretoria, the capital of the Transvaal, under date of to-day, that he has received a message from the Reform Committee at Johannesburg, stating that the Uitlanders have resolved to comply with the demand of the Transvaal that they relinquish their arms. The people, the committee added, are placing themselves unm-servedly in his hands, being confident that he will see that justice is done them. them.

them.
Sir Hercules then quoies a missage, sent by Sir Jacobus Dewet, the British political agent at Pretoria, to President Kruger, declaring that they had instructed Jameson's followers to lay down their arms, relying on the Transvaal Government to maintain peace and protect life. Sir Jacobus Dewet added in his message that he was confident that Jameson's followers would abandon their arms without further ado.

out further ado.

Sir Hercule's concludes his dispatch by saying he will be able to confer with President Kruger and the Executive Council relative to the prisoners, and the redressing of the grievances of the foreign residents of Johannesburg.

THE VENEZUELAN MATTER

English Ex-Sollettor-General Thinks His Country Wrong. LONDON, January 7.—Speaking to constituents at Plymouth, to-day,

Edward Clark, member of Parliament, who was Solicitor-General from 1888 to 1892, said that if Great Britain refused arbitration on her claims within the Schomburgk line, submitting to arbitration only those claims outside of that line, there would be war with the United States, in which Great Britain would not be in the right. Political Leaders Resolve on Union

RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1896.

## FOUND GUILTY OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

Florida's Wealthiest Resident s Felon-His Misfortunes.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., January 7.-

E. W. Agnew, late president of the First National Bank, of Ocala, Fla., was found guilty by a United States Court jury today of embezzlement, misappropriating and misapplication of the funds of the bank. The trial was watched with the keenest interest by the whole State of Florida, and especially by the people of Marion county, who lost large sums in the failure of the bank.

Agrees was a native born Floridian the

Agnew was a native-born Floridian, the richest resident of the State, having been rated two years ago with a credit of from \$300,000 to \$500,000. The failure which forced Agnew to resort to faisification of bank accounts and other questionable transactions was

due largely to the freeze which killed the orange-trees in 1894. Agnew was largely interested in orange-grove prop-FORAKER VERSUS WKINLEY.

## Factions Clash in Ohio Senate Young Garfield in Fight.

COLUMBUS, O., January 7.-There was a fierce clash between the Foraker and that may cause opposition to ex-Governor tion. It was over the confirmation of Joseph P. Smith's appointment by Gover-nor McKinley for State Librarian. Sena-tor Shattus, of Cincinnato, a friend of Foraker's, charged that Smith assailed Foraker's character last summer, when he came out as a candidate for Unit States Senator, saying he would better sent to the penitentlary. Senator Garfield, son of the late Presi-

dent, defended Smith. The fight was close and bitter, and re-sulted in confirmation of the appointment by a vote of 18 to 17.

# WINDOW-GLASS PLANT SHUT DOWN

Entall Much Hardship.
MILLVILLE, N. J., January 7.-It is now definitely known that the window glass plants throughout the country will close down next Saturday and remain idle for four weeks. The manufacturers have officially notified the workmen to

that effect.

This throwing of several thousand skilled workmen out of employment will entail much hardship, because it occurs in the middle of the winter, while many of the men did not get to work until late

At least two firms in the East will continue in blast—the Bennetts, at Spring City, Pa., and the Christiana Company, of Wilmington, Del.

### AGREEMENT AMONG TURFMEN. The Value of Purses-Additions to Guaranteed Stakes.

LEXINGTON, KY., January 7.-Th committee appointed by the Congress of Turfmen here to consult with the repretracks have about completed a statement setting forth the terms of the agreement reached between the owners, train-ers, and breeders on the one side, and the track representatives on the other. The statement, it is said, is in substance that \$500 on regular days, and \$400 on extra days, when there as many as an average of eighteen book-makers doing business at the track, one thousand to be added to all guaranteed stakes, above what is put up for entrance and starting.

## THE OHIO SENATORSHIP.

Will Not Vote for Him.

COLUMBUS, O., January 7.-The Demoratic minority of the Legislature caucused to-night to choose a candidate caucus was secret. Five members were

caucus was secret. Five members were absent. Five votes were cast for Dr. Isaac Kagy, of Crawford. The other votes were cast for Senator Brice.

The five members who voted for Kagy were Senator Valentine, of Crawford county, and Representatives Willey, of Wayne; Flitterfield, of Seneca; Williams, of Licking, and Brubaker, of Ashland. Three of theee-probably Brubaker, Valentine, and Williams, will not vote for Brice, now that he is the candidate.

## SENSATION AT LITTLE ROCK.

### Agent of Building and Loan Associntion an Embezzler.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., January 7 .- A sensation in business and social circles was caused yesterday, when it was learned that A. H. Mallory, agent of the Southern Building and Loan Associa-tion, of Huntsville, Ala., had absconded Friday night, and is now charged with embezzlement and forgery.

embezziement and forgery.

Mallory's alleged chortage with the
Southern company is about \$1,200. His
system was to collect dues and make false reports.
Young Mailory was bonded for \$2,000

in the American Surety Company, is making every effort to apprehend him.

### LATEST TURKISH MASSACRE. "Of No Serious Importance," Says the Porte. WASHINGTON, January 7.-The Turk

ish legation to-day received from the Half of the Business Section of the Sublime Porte the following telegram: "Contrary to certain assertions, the incident provoked by the Armenians at Birdjik had no very serious importance. Order has been restored, thanks to energetic measures taken by the local authorities. Thirty-one Mussulmans and Armenians were killed and fifty wounded. No disorders have taken place anywhere class."

### AMERICAN CITIZEN KILLED. Victim of the Massacre Perpetra ted at Harput.

WORCESTER, MASS., January 7 .- A etter received from Harpur states that Mardiros Enfijiam, who formerly lived here, is one of the victims of the massacre. He was a citizen of the United States, having received his naturalization August 1, 1893. He lived in Worcester about ten years, and went back to Armenia in February, 1894. He was killed in Harput, near the American College

tortolk & Western R. R. Earnings. PHILADELPHIA, PA., January 7.—The net earnings of the Norfolk and Western railroad for the year ended November 30, 1855, were \$1.334,665. Net earnings in

Very Rich Indeed in the elements that supr'y the human system with bone, muscle, and brain-substance is a circulation fertilized with the supreme tonic. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which begets thorough assimilation and digestion, and gives a healthful impulse to every function of the body. Dyspeptic and weakly persons give strong testimony in its behalf. So do those troubled with billousness, malaria, rheumatism, constipation, and inactivity of the kidneys. ALBANY, N. Y., January 7.—The Chicago Gas-Trust hearing came up shortly after noon before Attorney-General Hancock. The application on which the hear-

# MEETING IN HABANA.

Against the Insurgents.

DIRE EFFECTS OF THE WAR.

Matanans-People Asking for Food

triotic meeting was held in the Casino last evening, at which the leaders of all the political parties agreed upon a comrebels, in view of the situation confront-

and Protection-Devastation.

turnio, Martinez, and other political leaders, who were in perfect accord. The rebels have arrived at Punta Brava, near Mariano.

ing the country. Speeches were made by

General Luque, with his command, has prevented the rebels from making an attack upon San Antonio Ramos FOOD GETTING SCARCE.

MATANZAS, CUBA, December 25, via
TAMPA, FLA., January 7.—Already the
dire effects of the war are being felt in this
province. The Mayor of Corral Falso has telegraphed to the Governor of this Foraker for the United States senatorship, and to Governor McKinley, in his own State, for the presidential nomination. It was over the confirmation of Joseph P. Smith's appointment by Governor McKinley for State Librarian. Senator McKinley for State Librarian. Senator McKinley for State Librarian.

gar estate, near Macurigez, reports that nearly 1,000 people have sought safety by

them. Their anxiety and misery had been added to by their being surrounded by bands of rebels. When the messenger left an attack was expected.

A mass-meeting of the merchants of this city has just been held, at which the whole situation was discussed, including the awful position of the inhabitants of the market of the second contraction. the many towns in the interior of this province. A spot subscription was made, and instant relief will be sent to the in-

EVERYTHING BEING DESTROYED In that section the rebels are cestroy-ing everything sugar estates, houses, ing everything-sugar estates, houses, and crops. They are absolutely relentless in their role of destruction. Yesterday Sitao Laupei was visited by

a large body of rebels. They were unde the command of Emilio Rangeo. The seized all the horses in the vicinity, leav ing tired, broken animals in exchange.

While destroying sugar estates near
Cuvitas, the rebels set fire to the Mayor's residence. All the legal records were given to the flames. They are applying the torch to all inflammable material.

At Martello, in Cardeous, there is a rebel camp of 1,500 men under Pancho

CAMPOS SAYS ALL'S WELL. WASHINGTON, D. C., January 7.—The Spanish Minister received to-night a tele-gram from Madrid, stating that Mar-shal Campos, in a telegram received there

"The main body of the enemy has marched to the province of Pinar del Rio. I have advanced the columns of Generals Valdes, Gardia, and Navarro, Schague, and Luqe to follow them. I have the other columns on the railroad between Habana and Batapane. They will

between Hebana and Batacone. They will take rations and proceed to-morrow (to-day), in a parallel line to ccupy this line from Mariel to Artemisa.

"The columns of Prats, Guivis, Fort Aldecia, and the battalions of Valencia and Espana re chasing the small bands that are burning and committing other depredations.

"The situation in Cuba from a military point of view remains unchanged. The

point of view remains unchanged. The insurgents have proceeded west, without daring to stop in any place, and are avoiding all encounters. They are conavoiding all encounters. They are continually pushed, although the results are not satisfactory, on account of their destruction of property. Nothing is in danger, and it is absurd to suppose that they will pretend to attempt to surround or enter Habana, when up to the present moment they have not dared to enter any town of medium importance. In the Department of the East, Puerto Principe

\*\*ATCHISON, KAN., January 7.—Information was received to-day that Frank\*\* and even in Matanzas, nothing of im portance has occurred in the past few days, notwithstanding that a large num-ber of troops have been withdrawn from there. That shows that the insurgents have no means, and are not supported by the people.

# NEW NORTH CAROLINA INDUSTRY.

Sturgeon Roe Being Shipped to Rus-sia and Germany. RALEIGH, N. C., January 7.—The report of the State Labor Commissioner contains an interesting statement of a new industry in North Carolina. The roe of the sturgeon is now shipped in large

of the sturgeon is now shipped in large quantities to Russia and Germany from the great fisheries on Albemarle sound. The roes from three sturgeon fill oaken keys containing 120 pounds, and for each cask \$40 is obtained at the fishery. In this business 160 boats and 125 fishermen are employed. They get \$3 for the roe from each flab.

The greatest seines in the world are those of Albemarle sound. Steam power is used in hauling them. At one hauliest spring 485 herring, and 125 shad were landed. The annual herring catch there is 40,600,000. Dr. Capehart, a leader in the fishing in-

## dustry, is being earnestly pressed for appointment as United States Fish Com-FIRE AT WAKE FOREST.

Town Destroyed. WAKE FOREST, N. C., January 7.— (Special.)—Half of the business section of Wake Forest was destroyed by to-night. The buildings burned were as follows: Post-office, store and store-

follows: Post-office, store and store-house of W. J. Wingate; storehouse occupied by N. A. Dunn & Co., and storage-house of W. W. Holding & Co. The total loss is estimated at \$12,000; insurance, about \$6,000.

Although there is no fire company here, by the combined efforts of the citizens and students of the college the fire was gotten under control in about an hour. Noble work was done. The origin of the fire is unknown. It is thought, however, to have been accidental.

Kentucky Legislature Organized. FRANKFORT, KY., January 7.—The new Kentucky General Assembly was organized at noon by the election of the caucus nominees as officers.

JACKSON, MISS., January 7.—Telegrams from Columbus state that Hon. J. H. Askew, Railroad Commissioner for the past six years, is dying. Ohlo Senators for Cubans.

COLUMBUS, O., January 7.—The Ohio sepate to-day unanimously adopted a resolution favoring the immediate recogni-tion of the Cuban insurgents by this gov-

ing was based was made by Pitt Barrows, a bondholder, who asks that the Attorney-General commence an action against the Central Trust Company, of New York, to restrain the company from issuing in this State certificates of the deposit of Fidelity trust receipts on account of Chicago Gas Company stock, under the proposed reorganization plan now pending. At the conclusion of the arguments the Attorney-General reserved his decision.

CUMBERLAND, MD., January 7.—The bitter cold weather here did not affect in the least the arder of the people of this coursy and city in their determinathis courry and city in their determina-tion to give Governor-elect Lowndes a splendid send-off to-day. When he left for Annapolis to be inaugurated he was escorted to the station by a civic and military procession. The Governor-elect and his escort left Cumberland in a spe-cial train on the Baltimore and Ohio rall-road at 11 o'clock. Governor Lowndes and his family occupied Vice-President Lord's private car, "Delaware."

ISHPEMING, MICH., January 7.—An understanding has been reached between the principal producers of Lake Superior Bessemer ore, by which the price of stand-Bessemer ore, by which the price of stand-ard Marquette and Gogebic Bessemer will be 34 per ton this year, with a differential against Messaba Bessemer, and one in favor of the gild-edged Bessemer of the Lake Angelina and several other pro-

CHICAGO, ILL., January 7.—Newspaper publishers from a number of small cities in the West held a conference at the Palmer House to-day for the purpose of combining to oppose the demand of the Campbell Printing-Press Company, of New York, for royalties upon a press manufactured by the Cox Company, of Battle Creek, which is alleged to be an inferingement on the Campbell partents.

infringement on the Campbell patents.
W. S. Capelar, of Mansfield, O., who presided, favored the raising of a fund to resist the collection of royalties, and this El Paso Pugilistic Carnival.

DALLAS, TEX., January 7.-Dan. A. Stuart finished all details for his El Paso pugilistic carnival this evening, and will depart for El Paso to-morrow morning. He said to-night:
"I received official notice this afterno from Sam Austin that Leeds had signed to fight Everhard at the light-weight limit.

I have four lights now signed, and within two days will have one more, and there are none of them but what will keep the public guessing until the fateful ten have been counted." Congregationalists in England.

mittee appointed in connection with the visit of the American Congregationalists held a meeting to-day and made arrangements for a reception to the Americans. The Deans of Westminster and Canterbury have offered to extend courtesies to the visitors during their stay here. Af-ter making a tour of the centres of inte-rest in England the Americans, accom-panied by an English party, will visit Holland.

## Victory for Cudahy.

Victory for Cudahy.

CHICAGO, ILL, January 7.—Judge Turley this forning awarded victory to John Cudahy in the Chancery litigation brought by Austin Wright to prove partnership with Cudahy in the celebrated pork deal of September, 1893. Wright claimed that the deals, which involved a loss of \$5,000,000, and brought about his failure, were partnership transactions, and that Cudaby was equally liable. Judge Turley held that the evidence did not support the claim.

employed in twenty-six stone-yards in ing laborers on stone-cutting machines and are working them from sixteen to

ATCHISON, KAN., January 7.—Information was received to-day that Frank McCain, formerly a wholesale merchant of Atchison, who has been prospecting in Washington, was hemmed in by snow-drifts, with his wife and family of seven children, in the mountains, fifteen miles from Winthrop, and were in a starving condition. The oldest son, by a super-human effort, got to Winthrop, and told an awful story of suffering.

## Bank-Cashier Fatally Injured. JACKSONVILLE, FLA., January 7. At Palatka, Fla., while attempting to board a moving train, George L. Pace, cashier of the Putnam National Bank, was thrown to the ground, sustaining in-juries which caused death in a few

Mr. Pace has a brother who is a member of the faculty of Georgetown versity, near Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 7.—A delegation from the Cuban republic, General Tomas Estrada Palma, Secretary Gonzalo Quesada, and Treasurer Horatio Rubens, reached Washington this morning, after an absence of ten days, to resume their efforts to secure recognition of their government and the accordance of belilgerent rights to their government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 7.— The Senate to-day, in executive session, confirmed the following nominations of postmasters: Texas—J. M. Portwood, Amarillo; Sallie Spivey, Henderson.

NEW YORK, January 7.—Lazard Freres to-day ordered 41,000,000 in gold at the Assay-Office for shipment to Europe to-morrow, and Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., \$500,000. The total engagement reported up to noon was \$2,125,000. Piano-Tuning-Broad Street. Our new store is No. 119 east Broad street, third house from Second street, and our customers' orders for tuning and repairing of pianos and organs will be attended to from that building.

MANLY B. RAMOS & CO.

If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing-Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind-colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoca. Twenty-five cents a bot-

For a good, safe investment examine into the features of the Fully-Paid, 7 per cent. Stock of the Mutual Guarantee Building and Loan Association, 1013 east Main street, Richmond, Va.

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Richmond, Va., January 7, 1896.
Messrs. Howard Swineford & Co., General Agents Equitable Life-Assurance
Society:

scars. Howard Swineford & Co., General Agents Equitable Life-Assurance Society:

Gentlemen,—The time is not inopportune, I think, for some notice of your (socialied) reply to my open letter of November 20th last. Indeed, I have been absent so much of the time since then, and so busy when here, as to be unable to notice it further than to read it.

It is an evasion of—not a reply to—what was in my letter.

At the outset I desire to say that I have said, and propose to say, nothing against your company, except in so far as a refutation of certain of your statements on points which you yourselves have selected may throw into the background. You and I know that every old-line company doing business in Virginia—yours and mine in the list—is solid and worthy of confidence. A due regard for truth compels you and compels me to admit this. Thus far, then, we stand on common ground.

common ground.
I attack YOUR statements-not your I attack YOUR statements—not your company.

ONE of your statements was that your companys "cash dividends paid in 1894 are greater than (those of) any other company." In denying this I called on you "to admit or deny that the official reports show that each of six or more companies doing business in Virginia paid in 1894 to its policy-holders a bigger pecentum of dividend than your company paid to its policy-holders, and that my company is one of these six." In your (acalled) reply you neither admit nor deny that to which I have invited you. The question don't suit you, and you try to dodge it. "It makes all the difference in the world," you say, "what you figure your dividends against as to the result," etc.

Well, let me see if I can please you better by putting the case another way: A DIVIDEND IN LIFE INSURANCE IS A RETURN TO THE POLICY-HOLDER OF A PART OF THE PREMIUM HE HAS PAID. Isn't that true? You know it is, Then, the company which has paid to its policy-holders the largest dividend is that company whose dividend has largest ratio to the premium out of which the dividend grew. Isn't that true? You know it is. Is that your company? No. No. No. Every man well posted in the life-insurance business knows it is not. Dare you say it is? You know, as well as you know anything, that I have now in plain English, stated the crucial test. On that crucial test I challenge you to utterance.

On that crucial test I challenge you to utterance.

The other one of your statements which I denied was that your company's "ratio of assets and liabilities is greater than any other company." As to this, I called your attention to the fact that that of my company was 179, while that of your company was 189, while that of your company was less than 126; and I called upon you to reaffirm what you had stated, with reasons for it, or to admit your error. How did you notice this? Practically, you admit the truth of my statement, thereby conceding the error of your assertion in its broadness; but you seek to excuse yourself on the ground that you spoke "by comparison of the ten principal companies of the United States—transacting business on the same plan; that my company transacts its business on an entirely different one."

You ought to know—strange that I, are remain should have to teach you a

ness on the same plan; that my company transacts its business on an entirely different one."

You ought to know—strange that I, a mere pupil, should have to teach you, a Gannalel—that my company, as well as yours, and each of the ten, transacts its business on the legal reserve plan; is subject to the same rigid application of the same stringent law, and that it is out of that rigid application of the same stringent law, and that it is out of that rigid application of that stringent law that it is elevated so high above yours in the respect mentioned. So that dodge falls you.

"The ratio of assets to liabilities," you say, "is a true test of strength, provided you have assets on which to ratio." Of course, but would you have the public believe that the line has been drawn above the volume of assets possessed by my company? You know it has not been. You wish, you say, to call my attention to the fact that a little industrial company (whose name you mention), only six years old, whose average policy you know is only \$161, has a ratio of 364 percent. Well, I have noticed it; but how does that bear upon the truth or untruth of your statement, which I denied? And why do you not tell, if you want the hake'll truth known, that when your company, at the time of the making of its official report, which showed its nearest approach in size to mine, had only 1.69. I would have saved you this. You've brought it on yourselves. "Just as some muskets so contrive it.

only 1.69. I would have saved you this.
You've brought it on yourselves.
'Just as some muskets so contrive it.
As oft to miss the mark they drive at;
And, though well-aimed at duck or
plover.
Bear wide and kick their owners over." I have not falled to observe the fore matter which you introduce relating accumulations and excess of income o

matter which you introduce relating to accumulations and excess of income over disbursements. These bear no whit on the correctness of your statements which I denied, and are introduced only to before the issues between us. Nevertheless, I would notice them were not this letter already long enough.

In conclusion, let me say I shall not deny you the comfort of an expression of your opinion of your company, however contrary to the opinions you expressed about it only a few months back, when you represented another. Opinion is a matter of right. Misleading statements no man has a right to make. I shall attack them wherever I find them. They are too common—I am ashamed to have to admit it—in our business, and tend, I fear, to bring a high and noble business into disrepute. I believe there is no higher, nobler, more beneficent business on the face of the globe than ours, save that of the preaching of the Gospel, and, perhaps, that of the physician, and I call upon all good men everywhere to help me in my effort to prevent it from being dragged beneath its proper level.

Yours truly, L. R. WARREN, General Agent Provident Savings Life-Assurance Society.

and kidneys and make yourself sick to drinking muddy James-river water, when you can have 14 bottles Otterburn Lithia Water for \$1 delivered fresh from the

spring every morning at your house.

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at 223 east Broad street. This is the largest and linest collection of Rogs ever brought here, and will be sold regardless of value. Better attend this sale to-day at 4 o'clock. Auctioneer, F. K. Eilis.

Seaboard Air-Line. SPECIAL SLEEPER TO ATLANTA

SPECIAL SLEEPER TO ATLANTA.

Although the Atlanta Exposition has closed, the Seaboard Air-Line has determined, for the comfort of its parrons, to continue in service the Special Sleeper to Atlanta on the famous "Atlanta Special," which leaves Richmond daily at 12:33 (night), and arrives at Atlanta at 4:09 next afternoon. This sleeper will be opened at the Union Depot at 9 o'clock at night, thus insuring the travelling public a good night's rest. It will therefore be seen that the Seaboard Air-Line is the only line leaving Richmond for Atlanta which offers a daily service through without change of cars. For rates, Pullman reservations, and all other information, apply to H. M. BOYKIN, Passenger Agent.

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